

STATE	STATUS	REFERENCES & ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Alabama (AL)	Illegal	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/State-Laws/Alabama/
Alaska (AK)	Allows raffles, lottery, bingo, and pull tabs*	<p>Non-profits and municipalities, Multi-beneficiary permittees, Operators, Vendors, Pull-Tab Distributors, Pull-Tab Manufactures.</p> <p>To obtain a permit, you must be a qualified organization. A qualified organization is considered a real civic or service organization or a real religious, charitable, fraternal, veterans, labor, political, or educational organization, police or fire department company, dog mushers association, outboard motor association, or fishing derby, or non-profit trade association in the state. The qualified organization must have at least 25 members who are Alaskan residents who serve as members. To receive a gaming permit, each organization is to submit a completed gaming permit application online.</p> <p>Activities that are considered illegal are have all three aspects of gambling – consideration, which is what an individual pays to enter the raffle, chance, and prize. Raffles are illegal if the organization does not have a gaming activities permit.</p> <p>http://tax.alaska.gov/programs/programs/help/faq/faq.aspx?54160#section0question0</p>
Arizona (AZ)	Allowed	https://www.azag.gov/consumers/raffles
Arkansas (AR)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/Charitable-Gaming/Arkansas/index.htm
California (CA)	Allowed with Limitations	<p>Charities and Non-Profits permitted to do raffles. For lotteries, 90% of the gross receipts must benefit a charity in the state of California. California does not allow raffles to be sold, traded, or redeemed over the internet.</p> <p>Raffles are not allowed to be conducted through any gaming device, apparatus, or machine.</p> <p>https://oag.ca.gov/charities/raffles</p>

Colorado (CO)	Allowed	Charities must obtain a license from the Colorado Secretary of States Licensing Center. http://www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/bingo_raffles/bingoHome.html
Connecticut (CT)	Allowed	Organizations can apply for a number of different gaming license. http://www.ct.gov/dcp/cwp/view.asp?a=4107&q=483094#raf
Delaware (DE)	Allowed	Qualified organizations include, volunteer fire companies, veteran organizations, religious or charity purposes, and fraternal societies. These organizations must have been in existence for at least two years. Raffles can only be used for fulfilling purposes within the organization. The organization must be recognized by the IRS as a charitable organization. Prior to selling raffles, the organization must obtain a Raffle Event permit. If the qualified organization sells raffle tickets for \$5 or less and the prize for the raffle is less than a monetary value of \$5,000, a permit is not required from the Board of Charitable Gaming. http://dpr.delaware.gov/boards/gaming/raffle/
District of Columbia (DC)	Allowed	https://lottery.dc.gov/page/fundraising-and-charitable-games
Florida (FL)	Mostly Illegal	Most lotteries and raffles are illegal in Florida. (Raffles are considered gambling due to the assumption that money will be exchanged). The exception is for qualifying non-profit organizations, as long as specific rules are followed and no fees are required to participate. The IRS must recognize organizations as a non-profit. http://info.legalzoom.com/state-statute-florida-raffles-charities-25884.html http://www.gambling-law-us.com/Charitable-Gaming/Florida/

Georgia (GA)	Allowed	<p>Individuals must contact their local sheriff's office to obtain a relevant license to conduct a raffle. Must have IRS documentation that the corporation is tax exempt.</p> <p>https://dor.georgia.gov/tax-exempt-organizations-income-tax</p>
Hawaii (HI)	Illegal	<p>http://relay.acsevents.org/site/DocServer/4.2%20Handling%20Raffles%20in%20Hawaii.pdf?docID=34201</p>
Idaho (ID)	Allowed with Limitations	<p>Charitable or non-profit organizations are allowed to do raffles under certain stipulations. Raffle must be held in Idaho and is limited to 12 per charity or non-profit organization per year.</p> <p>This limitation does not apply to elementary, secondary, or higher education schools in the state. Cash prize for a duck race raffle must be a maximum of \$1,000. Merchandise prizes that cannot be redeemable for cash do not have a maximum value.</p> <p>No less than 80% of the net proceeds for the duck race will be used by the charity or non-profit.</p> <p>https://legislature.idaho.gov/statutesrules/idstat/Title67/T67CH77/SECT67-7710/</p>
Illinois (IL)	Allowed	<p>Each county and city may differ on their laws regarding raffles. To do a raffle, one must contact the County Clerk for forms.</p> <p>https://www.elections.il.gov/campaigndisclosure/howtoraffle.aspx</p>
Indiana (IN)	Allowed	<p>The organization must first qualify to be eligible to conduct charity gaming events. Must review the License Types and Related Activities section to determine which license best suits the organization.</p> <p>http://www.in.gov/igc/2482.htm</p>
Iowa (IA)	Allowed	<p>Qualified organizations can receive a charitable gambling license for fundraising activities that benefit educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic, or religious purposes.</p> <p>https://dia.iowa.gov/food-consumer-safety/social-and-charitable-gambling</p>

Kansas (KS)	Allowed	<p>The following limitations also are included in the constitutional amendment:</p> <p>An organization shall not be able to use an electronic gaming or vending machine to sell tickets or conduct raffles.</p> <p>An organization shall not contract with a professional raffle or other lottery vendor for the management, operation or conduct of any raffle; and</p> <p>Raffles are to be licensed and regulated by the Office of Charitable Gaming in the Kansas Department of Revenue, or by a successor agency.</p> <p>If a nonprofit meets the criteria described in the constitutional amendment and the gross receipts are \$25,000 or less, the organization does not need to apply for a raffle license.</p> <p>https://www.ksrevenue.org/bingoraffle.html</p>
Kentucky (KY)	Allowed	<p>http://dcg.ky.gov/Misc%20Docs/Raffles%20-%20How%20to%20Guide.pdf</p>
Louisiana (LA)	Allowed	<p>The charitable organization must gain proper licensure for the event.</p> <p>http://www.ocg.louisiana.gov//sections/aboutus/default.asp http://www.ocg.louisiana.gov/sections/lawsregulations/default.asp?fGroup=20;Administrative+Rules+%26+Regulations#Chapter17-CharitableBingo,KenoandRaffle</p>
Maine (ME)	Allowed	<p>Must obtain a license from the Chief of the State Police.</p> <p>http://www.gambling-law-us.com/Charitable-Gaming/Maine/</p>
Maryland (MD)	Allowed	<p>Many counties in Maryland require a permit prior to conducting a raffle.</p> <p>A charity cannot conduct more than two raffles in a year. Charity organization must submit a disclosure statement before advertising or conducting the raffle.</p> <p>http://sos.maryland.gov/Charity/Pages/Raffles.aspx</p>

Massachusetts (MA)	Allowed	https://malegislature.gov/Laws/GeneralLaws/PartIV/TitleI/Chapter271/Section7A
Michigan (MI)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/Charitable-Gaming/Michigan/ http://raffle.expert/us-state-raffle/
Minnesota (MN)	Allowed	Raffle prize must not exceed a monetary value of \$50,000. http://mn.gov/gcb/
Mississippi (MS)	Allowed	http://www.msgamingcomission.com/
Missouri (MO)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/Charitable-Gaming/Missouri/
Montana (MT)	Allowed with Limitations	https://dojmt.gov/ https://dojmt.gov/gaming/gambling-laws-administrative-rules/
Nebraska (NE)	Allowed	Nebraska has defined a lottery and raffle by the types of prizes individuals win. A game is determined to be a lottery when individuals receive cash for prizes; whereas, something is determined to be a raffle when the individual receives merchandise for a prize. Both lotteries and raffles are legal in Nebraska for non-profit organizations. http://www.revenue.nebraska.gov/gaming/lottraff.html
Nevada (NV)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/State-Laws/Nevada/ http://gaming.nv.gov/index.aspx?page=1
New Hampshire (NH)	Allowed	Raffle tickets may be sold to individuals 16 and older. http://www.gambling-law-us.com/State-Laws/New-Hampshire/

New Jersey (NJ)	Allowed	http://www.njconsumeraffairs.gov/lgccc
New Mexico (NM)	Allowed	http://nmgcb.org/gambling-review.aspx
New York (NY)	Allowed	https://www.gaming.ny.gov/charitablegaming/raffle_guide.php
North Carolina (NC)	Allowed	http://www.ncga.state.nc.us/EnactedLegislation/Statutes/HTML/ByArticle/Chapter_14/Article_37.html
North Dakota (ND)	Allowed	https://attorneygeneral.nd.gov/licensing-and-gaming/gaming
Ohio (OH)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/Charitable-Gaming/Ohio/
Oklahoma (OK)	Allowed	http://www.oscn.net/applications/oscn/DeliverDocument.asp?CiteID=69564 https://www.ok.gov/oag/Frequently_Asked_Questions.html
Oregon (OR)	Allowed	https://www.doj.state.or.us/charitable-activities/charitable-gaming/charitable-gaming-faqs/
Pennsylvania (PA)	Allowed	http://www.pacode.com/secure/data/061/chapter874/chap874toc.html
Rhode Island (RI)	Allowed	http://sos.ri.gov/documents/archives/regdocs/released/pdf/DPS/5884.pdf

South Carolina (SC)	Allowed with Limitations	http://sos.sc.gov/raffles
South Dakota (SD)	Allowed	https://sdsos.gov/general-information/executive-actions/raffle-requests/
Tennessee (TN)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/Charitable-Gaming/Tennessee/
Texas (TX)	Allowed	https://texasattorneygeneral.gov/cpd/charities-nonprofits-charitable-raffles
Vermont (VT)	Allowed	http://legislature.vermont.gov/statutes/section/13/051/02143
Virginia (VA)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/State-Laws/Virginia/
Washington (WA)	Allowed	http://www.wsgc.wa.gov/activities/raffles.aspx
West Virginia (WV)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/Charitable-Gaming/West-Virginia/
Wisconsin (WI)	Allowed	http://doa.wi.gov/divisions/gaming/charitable/raffle/raffle-license
Wyoming (WY)	Allowed	http://www.gambling-law-us.com/State-Laws/Wyoming/